Positive Social Emotional Skills-- Age Anchoring Tool

Outcome 1:

Positive Social Emotional Skills....

Children demonstrate age appropriate functioning by....

0-3 Months

- Fixating on the human face and maintaining gaze with caregiver
- Turning their head and eyes in the direction of the parent voice
- Being comforted and appearing to enjoy touch and being held by a familiar adult
- Draws attention to self when in distress

4-6 Months

- Anticipating being lifted or fed and moving body toward adult when being approached
- Smiling spontaneously to human contact, smiling in play, and smiling at self in mirror
- Vocalizes to express pleasure & displeasure sounds in addition to crying/cooing
- Is able to stop unexplained crying
- Enjoying games with others such as "Where is your nose?" and "So Big!"

7-9 Months

- Smiling and laughing during turn-taking
- Participating in simple games (pat-a-cake, peek-a-boo)
- Demonstrating anticipation of play activities
- Exhibiting anxious behavior around unfamiliar adults
- Using gestures and vocalizing to protest
- Shouting or vocalizing to gain attention
- Shows anxiety over separation from parents
- Repeating a behavior (shows off) to maintain adult attention

10-12 Months

- Imitating familiar words in turn-taking
- Showing sensitivity to the mood of others
- Performing for social attention
- Responding to a request of "come here"
- Stopping when name is called
- Maintaining attention to speaker

13-18 Months

- Pretending to talk on phone, feed a baby, comfort a doll, clean a spill
- Discriminating between familiar and unfamiliar people
- Showing awareness of the feelings of others
- Initiating familiar turntaking routines
- Requesting assistance from an adult
- Hugs & kisses parents
- Demonstrating a functional use of objects such as trying to use a brush or drinking from a toy cup
- Gives a toy to caregiver spontaneously & upon request
- Having temper tantrums when frustrated
- Sometimes doing the opposite of what is asked of them

19-24 Months

 Shows a wide variety of emotions i.e., fear, anger, sympathy, modesty, guilt, joy

25 - 30 Months

- Being apt to snatch, push, kick, rather than give and take in polite fashion
- Throwing tantrums when frustrated
- Showing facial expression and behavior indicating pity, shame and modesty
- Being restless, rebellious and very active at times
- Becoming resistant and dawdling at times
- Separates easily in familiar surroundings
- Wanting to do favorite activities over and over again
- Continuing to try a difficult task for a brief period of time (building with blocks for 3 to 5 minutes)
- Insisting on some choices (food, clothing, appearance)
- Seeking and accepting assistance when encountering difficulties
- Inventing new uses for everyday materials with assistance (using a box for a house)
- May develop sudden fears (i.e. large animals)

31 - 36 Months

- Observing other children at play; may join in for a few minutes
- Playing well with two or three children in group
- Having difficulty sharing
- Showing facial expressions and behaviors indicating pity, shame, modesty
- Sometimes being restless, rebellious, very active
- Becoming resistant, dawdles
- Throwing tantrums when thwarted or unable to express urgent needs
- Objecting to major changes in routines
- Verbalizing play plan for assigned role ("I am mother" "You be baby" "I cook" "You watch TV")
- Verbalizing play plan and using pretend props which are identified for benefit of adult ("This is our house (box)")
- Following simple rules
- Taking turns in games
- Listening and participating in group activities with adult supervision
- Enjoying opportunities for pretend play and creating things (crafts, art)

Outcome 1:

Positive Social Emotional Skills....

Children demonstrate age appropriate functioning by....

4-6 Months (continued)

 Vocalizing in response to babbling behavior, vocalizations and speech produced by an adult

10-12 Months (continued)

- Responding with gesture to "come up" or "want up"
- Waving in response to "bye-bye"
- Saying "mama" or "dada" meaningfully
- Using a word to call a person
- Pushing or pulling an adult's hand to have a behavior instigated or repeated
- Showing attachment to favorite toy or blanket
- Expressing two or more emotions (pleasure, fear, sadness)
- Briefly stopping behavior when told "no"

19-24 Months (continued)

- "Checking-in" with familiar adults while playing
- Resisting change, transitions are difficult
- Show jealousy of attention given to others, especially own family
- Using vocalizations and words during pretend play
- Playing alone for short periods
- Recognizes self in photograph
- Uses concept "mine" to denote possessiveness

25-30 Months (continued)

- Displaying understanding of how objects work together (gets the dustpan when adult is sweeping the floor)
- Substituting similar objects (uses boxes for blocks)
- Realizing that behaviors can precede events (if mom takes things out the refrigerator and turns on the stove, she is going to cook lunch)
- Attempting to comfort others in distress
- Addressing listener appropriately to get attention (uses child's or adult's name to get attention)

31-36 Months (continued)

- Altering behavior based on a past event and builds on it ("this didn't work, so I will try this")
- Relating an experience today to one that happened in the past (i.e. when Grandma comes over the dog has to be in the crate)
- Saying "please" and "thank you" when reminded
- Stating whether they are a boy or a girl
- Begins to obey and respect simple rules
- Takes prided in achievements
- Resists change, may want things done the same way
- May be able to participate in games that involve following simple directions and taking turns (i.e. "Duck, Duck, Goose"